HB2740 SUBPCS1 Gerrid Kendrix-MAH 2/11/2025 3:24:26 pm

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

State of Oklahoma

SPEAKER:

CHAIR:

I move to amend HB2740
Page Section Lines Of the printed Bill
Of the Engrossed Bill

By deleting the content of the entire measure, and by inserting in lieu thereof the following language:

AMEND TITLE TO CONFORM TO AMENDMENTS

Amendment submitted by: Gerrid Kendrix

Adopted:

Reading Clerk

1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)
3	PROPOSED SUBCOMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
4	FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 2740 By: Kendrix
5	BUILT NO. 2740 By. Rendera
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11	PROPOSED SUBCOMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
12	An Act relating to revenue and taxation; amending 68
13	O.S. 2021, Section 2355, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 27, 1st Extraordinary Session, O.S.L. 2023
14	(68 O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 2355), which relates to income tax rates; modifying rates of individual
15	income tax; amending 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 277, O.S.L. 2024
16	(68 O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 2358), which relates to Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross
17	income; modifying provisions related to personal exemptions; modifying standard deduction amounts; and
18	providing an effective date.
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24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2355, as
 last amended by Section 1, Chapter 27, 1st Extraordinary Session,
 O.S.L. 2023 (68 O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 2355), is amended to read
 as follows:

Section 2355. A. Individuals. For all taxable years beginning
after December 31, 1998, and before January 1, 2006, a tax is hereby
imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of every resident or
nonresident individual, which tax shall be computed at the option of
the taxpayer under one of the two following methods:

10 1. METHOD 1.

11	a.	Single individuals and married individuals filing
12		separately not deducting federal income tax:
13		(1) 1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
14		(2) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
15		(3) 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
16		(4) 3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
17		(5) 4% tax on next \$1,300.00 or part thereof,
18		(6) 5% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
19		(7) 6% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof, and
20		(8) (a) for taxable years beginning after December
21		31, 1998, and before January 1, 2002, 6.75%
22		tax on the remainder,
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1	(b) for taxable years beginning on or after
2	January 1, 2002, and before January 1, 2004,
3	7% tax on the remainder, and
4	(c) for taxable years beginning on or after
5	January 1, 2004, 6.65% tax on the remainder.
6	b. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving
7	spouse to the extent and in the manner that a
8	surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return
9	under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and
10	heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
11	Code not deducting federal income tax:
12	(1) $1/2\%$ tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
13	(2) 1% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
14	(3) 2% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
15	(4) 3% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
16	(5) 4% tax on next \$2,400.00 or part thereof,
17	(6) 5% tax on next \$2,800.00 or part thereof,
18	(7) 6% tax on next \$6,000.00 or part thereof, and
19	(8) (a) for taxable years beginning after December
20	31, 1998, and before January 1, 2002, 6.75%
21	tax on the remainder,
22	(b) for taxable years beginning on or after
23	January 1, 2002, and before January 1, 2004,
24	7% tax on the remainder, and

1	(c) for taxable years beginning on or after
2	January 1, 2004, 6.65% tax on the remainder.
3	2. METHOD 2.
4	a. Single individuals and married individuals filing
5	separately deducting federal income tax:
6	(1) $1/2$ % tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
7	(2) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
8	(3) 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
9	(4) 3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
10	(5) 4% tax on next \$1,200.00 or part thereof,
11	(6) 5% tax on next \$1,400.00 or part thereof,
12	(7) 6% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
13	(8) 7% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
14	(9) 8% tax on next \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
15	(10) 9% tax on next \$3,500.00 or part thereof, and
16	(11) 10% tax on the remainder.
17	b. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving
18	spouse to the extent and in the manner that a
19	surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return
20	under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and
21	heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
22	Code deducting federal income tax:
23	(1) $1/2$ % tax on the first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
24	(2) 1% tax on the next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,

1 (3) 2% tax on the next \$2,500.00 or part thereof, 2 3% tax on the next \$1,400.00 or part thereof, (4) 3 4% tax on the next \$1,500.00 or part thereof, (5) 5% tax on the next \$1,600.00 or part thereof, 4 (6) 6% tax on the next \$1,250.00 or part thereof, 5 (7)6 7% tax on the next \$1,750.00 or part thereof, (8) 7 (9) 8% tax on the next \$3,000.00 or part thereof, (10)9% tax on the next \$6,000.00 or part thereof, and 8 9 (11)10% tax on the remainder.

B. Individuals. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, and ending any tax year which begins after December 31, 2015, for which the determination required pursuant to Sections 4 and 5 of this act is made by the State Board of Equalization, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of every resident or nonresident individual, which tax shall be computed as follows:

17 1. Single individuals and married individuals filing18 separately:

19	(a)	1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
20	(b)	1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
21	(C)	2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
22	(d)	3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
23	(e)	4% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
24	(f)	5% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,

1 (q) 5.50% tax on the remainder for the 2008 tax year and 2 any subsequent tax year unless the rate prescribed by 3 subparagraph (h) of this paragraph is in effect, and 5.25% tax on the remainder for the 2009 and subsequent 4 (h) 5 tax years. The decrease in the top marginal 6 individual income tax rate otherwise authorized by 7 this subparagraph shall be contingent upon the determination required to be made by the State Board 8 9 of Equalization pursuant to Section 2355.1A of this 10 title.

11 2. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving spouse to 12 the extent and in the manner that a surviving spouse is permitted to 13 file a joint return under the provisions of the Internal Revenue 14 Code and heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue 15 Code:

16	(a)	1/2% tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
17	(b)	1% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
18	(c)	2% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
19	(d)	3% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
20	(e)	4% tax on next \$2,400.00 or part thereof,
21	(f)	5% tax on next \$2,800.00 or part thereof,
22	(g)	5.50% tax on the remainder for the 2008 tax year and
23		any subsequent tax year unless the rate prescribed by
24		subparagraph (h) of this paragraph is in effect, and

1 (h) 5.25% tax on the remainder for the 2009 and subsequent 2 tax years. The decrease in the top marginal individual income tax rate otherwise authorized by 3 4 this subparagraph shall be contingent upon the 5 determination required to be made by the State Board of Equalization pursuant to Section 2355.1A of this 6 7 title. С. Individuals. For all taxable years beginning on or after 8

9 January 1, 2024 2026, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma 10 taxable income of every resident or nonresident individual, which 11 tax shall be computed as follows:

Single individuals and married individuals filing
 separately:

14 (a) 0.25% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof, 15 0.75% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof, (b) 16 1.75% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof, (c)17 (d) 2.75% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof, 18 3.75% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof, (e) 19 (f) 4.75% tax on the remainder all Oklahoma taxable 20 income.

2. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving spouse to 22 the extent and in the manner that a surviving spouse is permitted to 23 file a joint return under the provisions of the Internal Revenue

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Code and heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
 Code:

3	(a)	0.25% tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
4	(b)	0.75% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
5	(c)	1.75% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
6	(d)	2.75% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
7	(e)	3.75% tax on next \$4,600.00 or part thereof,
8	(1)	4.75% tax on the remainder all Oklahoma taxable
9		income.

10 No deduction for federal income taxes paid shall be allowed to 11 any taxpayer to arrive at taxable income.

D. Nonresident aliens. In lieu of the rates set forth in subsection A above, there shall be imposed on nonresident aliens, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, a tax of eight percent (8%) instead of thirty percent (30%) as used in the Internal Revenue Code, with respect to the Oklahoma taxable income of such nonresident aliens as determined under the provision of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act.

Every payer of amounts covered by this subsection shall deduct and withhold from such amounts paid each payee an amount equal to eight percent (8%) thereof. Every payer required to deduct and withhold taxes under this subsection shall for each quarterly period on or before the last day of the month following the close of each such quarterly period, pay over the amount so withheld as taxes to

1 the Tax Commission, and shall file a return with each such payment. Such return shall be in such form as the Tax Commission shall 2 prescribe. Every payer required under this subsection to deduct and 3 4 withhold a tax from a payee shall, as to the total amounts paid to 5 each payee during the calendar year, furnish to such payee, on or before January 31, of the succeeding year, a written statement 6 7 showing the name of the payer, the name of the payee and the payee's Social Security account number, if any, the total amount paid 8 9 subject to taxation, and the total amount deducted and withheld as 10 tax and such other information as the Tax Commission may require. 11 Any payer who fails to withhold or pay to the Tax Commission any 12 sums herein required to be withheld or paid shall be personally and 13 individually liable therefor to the State of Oklahoma.

E. Corporations. For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of every corporation doing business within this state or deriving income from sources within this state in an amount equal to four percent (4%) thereof.

19 There shall be no additional Oklahoma income tax imposed on 20 accumulated taxable income or on undistributed personal holding 21 company income as those terms are defined in the Internal Revenue 22 Code.

F. Certain foreign corporations. In lieu of the tax imposed in
 the first paragraph of subsection D of by this section, for all

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1 taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, there shall be 2 imposed on foreign corporations, as defined in the Internal Revenue 3 Code, a tax of four percent (4%) instead of thirty percent (30%) as 4 used in the Internal Revenue Code, where such income is received 5 from sources within Oklahoma, in accordance with the provisions of 6 the Internal Revenue Code and the Oklahoma Income Tax Act.

7 Every payer of amounts covered by this subsection shall deduct and withhold from such amounts paid each payee an amount equal to 8 9 four percent (4%) thereof. Every payer required to deduct and 10 withhold taxes under this subsection shall for each quarterly period 11 on or before the last day of the month following the close of each 12 such quarterly period, pay over the amount so withheld as taxes to 13 the Tax Commission, and shall file a return with each such payment. 14 Such return shall be in such form as the Tax Commission shall 15 prescribe. Every payer required under this subsection to deduct and 16 withhold a tax from a payee shall, as to the total amounts paid to 17 each payee during the calendar year, furnish to such payee, on or 18 before January 31, of the succeeding year, a written statement 19 showing the name of the payer, the name of the payee and the payee's 20 Social Security account number, if any, the total amounts paid 21 subject to taxation, the total amount deducted and withheld as tax 22 and such other information as the Tax Commission may require. Any 23 payer who fails to withhold or pay to the Tax Commission any sums

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herein required to be withheld or paid shall be personally and
 individually liable therefor to the State of Oklahoma.

G. Fiduciaries. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of every trust and estate at the same rates as are provided in subsection B or C of this section for single individuals. Fiduciaries are not allowed a deduction for any federal income tax paid.

н. Tax rate tables. For all taxable years beginning after 8 9 December 31, 1991, in lieu of the tax imposed by subsection A, B or 10 C of this section, as applicable there is hereby imposed for each 11 taxable year on the taxable income of every individual, whose 12 taxable income for such taxable year does not exceed the ceiling 13 amount, a tax determined under tables, applicable to such taxable 14 year which shall be prescribed by the Tax Commission and which shall 15 be in such form as it determines appropriate. In the table so 16 prescribed, the amounts of the tax shall be computed on the basis of 17 the rates prescribed by subsection A, B or C of this section. For 18 purposes of this subsection, the term "ceiling amount" means, with 19 respect to any taxpayer, the amount determined by the Tax Commission 20 for the tax rate category in which such taxpayer falls. 21

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 277, O.S.L. 2024 (68 O.S. Supp. 23 2024, Section 2358), is amended to read as follows:

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Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,
 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to
 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income
 as required by this section.

A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to
arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma
adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

8 1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any 9 state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise 10 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that 11 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross 12 income.

There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that
 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the
 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws
 of Oklahoma.

17 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall18 be adjusted as follows:

19a.For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years20beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any21net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for22federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an23amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss24from sources within this state, as determined pursuant

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to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of the total loss for such year;

4 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years 5 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable 6 7 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks 8 9 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be 10 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of 11 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as 12 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 13 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without 14 regard to the existence of a federal net operating 15 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31, 16 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to 17 which such losses may be carried shall be determined 18 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal 19 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the 20 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and 21 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net 22 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For 23 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and 24 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such

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1 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2) 2 years. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried 3 4 back shall be determined solely by reference to 5 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net 6 7 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma 8 9 taxable income".

10 4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
11 indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
12 allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or
13 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
14 on the same basis as those items:

a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
 allocated in accordance with the situs of such
 property;

b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall
be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
of the taxpayer, except that:

1 (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary 2 business or commercial situs apart from the domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be 3 allocated in accordance with such business or 4 commercial situs; interest income from 5 6 investments held to generate working capital for 7 a unitary business enterprise shall be included in apportionable income; a resident trust or 8 9 resident estate shall be treated as having a 10 separate commercial or business situs insofar as 11 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not be treated as having a separate commercial or 12 13 business situs insofar as distributed income is 14 concerned, 15 for taxable years beginning after December 31, (2)

(i) for canadic years beginning after becauser 51, 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated to this state in the ratio of the original cost of such partnership's tangible property in this state to the original cost of such partnership's tangible property everywhere, as determined at the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent

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1 (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets 2 consists of intangible assets, capital or 3 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an 4 ownership interest in the partnership shall be allocated to this state in accordance with the 5 6 sales factor of the partnership for its first 7 full tax period immediately preceding its tax period during which the ownership interest in the 8 9 partnership was sold; the provisions of this 10 division shall only apply if the capital or 11 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an 12 ownership interest in a partnership do not 13 constitute qualifying gain receiving capital 14 treatment as defined in subparagraph a of 15 paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section, 16 (3) income from such property which is required to be 17 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 18 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein 19 provided; 20 с. Net income or loss from a business activity which is

not a part of business carried on within or without the state of a unitary character shall be separately allocated to the state in which such activity is conducted;

- 1d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing2enterprise the business of which in this state3consists solely of marketing its products by:
 - (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped directly to a point from without the state to a purchaser within the state, commonly known as interstate sales,
 - (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses within the state pursuant to "in transit" tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within the state,
- 13 (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
 14 within the state where the shipment to such
 15 warehouses is not covered by "in transit"
 16 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
 17 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
 18 within or without the state,

19the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the20taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of21the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived22from the manufacture and/or processing and sales23everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales24defined in this section made to the purchaser within

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1 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term 2 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of 3 4 which is warehousing merchandise for the public; 5 e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for 6 7 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1 8 9 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows: 10 except as otherwise provided by division (2) of (1)11 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance 12 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned 13 to this state by multiplying such income by a 14 fraction, the numerator of which is the direct 15 premiums written for insurance on property or 16 risks in this state, and the denominator of which 17 is the direct premiums written for insurance on 18 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of 19 this subsection, the term "direct premiums 20 written" means the total amount of direct 21 premiums written, assessments and annuity 22 considerations as reported for the taxable year 23 on the annual statement filed by the company with 24 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved

by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, or such other form as may be prescribed in lieu thereof,

if the principal source of premiums written by an 4 (2)5 insurance company consists of premiums for reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of 6 7 such company shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the 8 9 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct 10 premiums written for insurance on property or 11 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written 12 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property 13 or risks in this state, and the denominator of 14 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written 15 for insurance on property or risks everywhere, 16 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance 17 accepted in respect of property or risks 18 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph, 19 premiums written for reinsurance accepted in 20 respect of property or risks in this state, 21 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the 22 election of the company be determined on the 23 basis of the proportion which premiums written 24 for insurance accepted from companies

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commercially domiciled in this state bears to premiums written for reinsurance accepted from all sources, or alternatively in the proportion which the sum of the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state by each ceding company from which reinsurance is accepted bears to the sum of the total direct premiums written by each such ceding company for the taxable year.

10 5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate 11 allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is 12 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to 13 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors 14 consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue 15 enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net 16 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from 17 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on 18 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity, 19 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection, 20 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any 21 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in 22 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on 23 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property 24 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an

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1 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after 2 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or 3 4 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost 5 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) 6 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is 7 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be 8 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five 9 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty 10 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment factors shall be computed as follows: 11

12a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of13which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and14tangible personal property owned or rented and used in15this state during the tax period and the denominator16of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's17real and tangible personal property everywhere owned18or rented and used during the tax period.

19 (1) Property, the income from which is separately
20 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection,
21 shall not be included in determining this
22 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall
23 include a portion of the investment in
24 transportation and other equipment having no

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1 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks 2 and trailers, including machinery and equipment 3 carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons' automobiles and other similar equipment, in the 4 5 proportion that miles traveled in this state by 6 such equipment bears to total miles traveled, 7 Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its (2) original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer 8 9 is valued at eight times the net annual rental 10 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual 11 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual 12 rental rate received by the taxpayer from 13 subrentals, 14 The average value of property shall be determined (3) 15 by averaging the values at the beginning and 16 ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax 17 Commission may require the averaging of monthly 18 values during the tax period if reasonably 19 required to reflect properly the average value of 20 the taxpayer's property; 21 b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of 22 which is the total compensation for services rendered 23 in the state during the tax period, and the

denominator of which is the total compensation for

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services rendered everywhere during the tax period. "Compensation", as used in this subsection, means those paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary business but does not include officers' salaries, wages and other compensation.

- (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of such expenditure in connection with employees operating equipment over a fixed route, such as railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus drivers, in this state only a part of the time, in the proportion that mileage traveled in this state bears to total mileage traveled by such employees,
- 15 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall 16 include a portion of such expenditures in 17 connection with itinerant employees, such as 18 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part 19 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in 20 this state bears to total time spent in 21 furtherance of the enterprise by such employees; 22 The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which с. 23 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in 24 this state during the tax period, and the denominator

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of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales", as used in this subsection, does not include sales or gross revenue which are separately allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection.

- 6 Sales of tangible personal property have a situs (1) 7 in this state if the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser other than the United 8 9 States government, within this state regardless 10 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale; 11 or the property is shipped from an office, store, 12 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in 13 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United 14 States government or (b) the taxpayer is not 15 doing business in the state of the destination of 16 the shipment.
 - (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall not be less than the allocation of revenues to this state as shown in its annual report to the Corporation Commission.
- (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus
 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator
 car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the

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numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of revenue from interstate transportation in the proportion that interstate mileage traveled in this state bears to total interstate mileage traveled.

6 In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline (4) 7 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall be either the total of traffic units of the 8 9 enterprise within this state or the revenue 10 allocated to this state based upon miles moved, 11 at the option of the taxpayer, and the 12 denominator of which shall be the total of 13 traffic units of the enterprise or the revenue of 14 the enterprise everywhere as appropriate to the 15 numerator. A "traffic unit" is hereby defined as 16 the transportation for a distance of one (1) mile 17 of one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of 18 gasoline or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of 19 natural or casinghead gas, as the case may be. 20 (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other 21 communication enterprise, the numerator of the 22 fraction shall include that portion of the 23 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to 24 the accounting procedures prescribed by the

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1 Federal Communications Commission; provided that 2 in respect to each corporation or business entity required by the Federal Communications Commission 3 4 to keep its books and records in accordance with 5 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such Commission, the intrastate net income shall be 6 7 determined separately in the manner provided by such uniform system of accounts and only the 8 9 interstate income shall be subject to allocation 10 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. 11 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors 12 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal 13 14 Communications Commission.

15 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors 16 prescribed in this paragraph attributes to this state a portion of 17 net income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to 18 the property owned and/or business transacted within this state, 19 because of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed 20 are not employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the 21 enterprise; or because one or more factors not so prescribed are 22 employed to a considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; 23 or because of other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to 24 permit, after a showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net

1 income has been attributed to this state, or require, when in its judgment an insufficient portion of net income has been attributed 2 to this state, the elimination, substitution, or use of additional 3 factors, or reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed 4 5 factors. Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of 6 7 net income attributable to this state must not be inherently arbitrary, and application of the recomputed final apportionment to 8 9 the net income of the enterprise must attribute to this state only a 10 reasonable portion thereof.

11 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or 12 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state 13 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an 14 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent 15 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded 16 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999, 17 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen 18 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded 19 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming 20 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated 21 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars 22 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules 23 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible 24 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph

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1 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this 2 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any 3 4 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One 5 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption 6 7 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an 8 9 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph 10 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which 11 the investment was originally made.

12 For purposes of this paragraph:

13 a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means 14 buildings, structures, fixtures and improvements used 15 or operated primarily for the processing or production 16 of marketable products from agricultural commodities. 17 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that 18 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two 19 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which 20 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not 21 include a facility that provides only, and nothing 22 more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation 23 of agricultural commodities, and

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- b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is
 used in a process primarily for:
- 3 (1) the processing of agricultural commodities,
 4 including receiving or storing agricultural
 5 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy
 6 operation,
- 7 (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or
 8 product before, during or after the processing,
 9 or
- 10 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for11 sale or shipment.

12 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this 13 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in 14 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss 15 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance 16 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., 17 Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss 18 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

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a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or

- b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
 Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of
 the income from all other sources other than reflected
 on Schedule F.
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1 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in 2 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income. 3 4 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be 5 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this 6 7 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A. 8

9 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
10 employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
11 Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor
12 shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
13 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
14 utilized.

15 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, 16 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to 17 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income 18 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 19 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment 20 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from 21 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred 22 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) 23 of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American 24 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

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1 11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, 2 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to 3 4 Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or 5 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would 6 7 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title, 8 9 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the 10 11 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and 12 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma 13 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall 14 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and 15 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in 16 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member", and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by 17 18 Section 2355.1P-2 of this title. Notwithstanding the application of 19 this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any ownership interest in 20 a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 2351 et seq. of this 21 title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis for federal income 22 tax purposes.

B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further
adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those

1 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section 2 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the 3 4 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the 5 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C., Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after 6 7 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for 8 9 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, 10 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the 11 12 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax 13 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31, 14 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for 15 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of 16 such assets.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue
Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of
depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
and before January 1, 1983.

For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which the Accelerated Cost Recovery System was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year

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beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal Revenue Service and that reported to this state.

6 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and
7 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to
8 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy9 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a
10 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as
11 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the 12 C. 1. 13 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to 14 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to 15 qualified small businesses located in this state. Such transferor 16 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an 17 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result 18 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed 19 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such 20 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such 21 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years 22 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from 23 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of

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technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1,
 1988.

3	2. For purposes of this subsection:
4	a. "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether
5	organized as a corporation, partnership, or
6	proprietorship, organized for profit with its
7	principal place of business located within this state
8	and which meets the following criteria:
9	(1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty
10	Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),
11	(2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its
12	employees and assets located in this state at the
13	time of the transfer, and
14	(3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor
15	corporation;
16	b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,
17	pattern, device or compilation of scientific or
18	technical information which is not in the public
19	domain;
20	c. "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is
21	the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology
22	at the time the transfer is made; and
23	
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d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
 the consideration is in money or otherwise.

4 For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the D. 1. 5 taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such 6 7 corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from 8 Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving 9 capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during 10 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such 11 corporation, estate or trust.

12 2. As used in this subsection:

a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
federal income tax return of the corporation, estate
or trust that result from:

18 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
19 property located within this state that has been
20 directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,
21 estate or trust for a holding period of at least
22 five (5) years prior to the date of the
23 transaction from which such net capital gains
24 arise,

the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership 1 (2) 2 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited 3 liability company, or partnership where such stock or ownership interest has been directly or 4 5 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or 6 trust for a holding period of at least three (3) 7 years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or 8 9 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal 10 property or intangible personal property located 11 within this state as part of the sale of all or 12 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma 13 company, limited liability company, or 14 partnership where such property has been directly 15 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the 16 owners of such entity, and used in or derived 17 from such entity for a period of at least three 18 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction 19 from which the net capital gains arise, 20 "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of b. 21 time. The holding period shall include any additional 22 period when the property was held by another 23 individual or entity, if such additional period is 24

1 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 2 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or 3 с. "partnership" means an entity whose primary 4 5 headquarters have been located in this state for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date 6 7 of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, 8

- 9 d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset, 10 and
- e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a
 pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through
 entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the
 qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
- 15 With respect to sales of real property or (1)16 tangible personal property located within this 17 state, the deduction described in this subsection 18 shall not apply unless the pass-through entity 19 that makes the sale has held the property for not 20 less than five (5) uninterrupted years prior to 21 the date of the transaction that created the 22 capital gain, and each pass-through entity 23 included in the chain of ownership has been a 24 member, partner, or shareholder of the pass-

1through entity in the tier immediately below it2for an uninterrupted period of not less than five3(5) years.

4 (2)With respect to sales of stock or ownership 5 interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 6 7 liability company, or partnership, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply 8 9 unless the pass-through entity that makes the 10 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or 11 the assets for not less than three (3) 12 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 13 transaction that created the capital gain, and 14 each pass-through entity included in the chain of 15 ownership has been a member, partner or 16 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the 17 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted 18 period of not less than three (3) years.

E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income:

22 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or
 23 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
 24 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars

1		(\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed
2		by the Internal Revenue Code.
3	b.	There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
4		Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
5		spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For
6		purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind
7		only if the central visual acuity of the individual
8		does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with
9		correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the
10		individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied
11		by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the
12		widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle
13		no greater than twenty (20) degrees.
14	c.	There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
15		Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
16		spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at
17		the close of the tax year based upon the filing status
18		and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.
19		Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim
20		this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income
21		does not exceed:
22		(1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if
23		married and filing jointly;
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1		(2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)
2		if married and filing separately;
3		(3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single;
4		and
5		(4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a
6		qualifying head of household.
7		Provided, for taxable years beginning after December
8		31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of
9		federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the
10		conversion of a traditional individual retirement
11		account to a Roth individual retirement account shall
12		be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for
13		purposes of the income thresholds provided in this
14		subparagraph.
15	2. a.	. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31,
16		2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard
17		deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
18		be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
19		difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
20		lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
21		Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of
22		fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross
23		income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to
24		exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that

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in the case of a married individual filing a separate return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

- 7 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of 8 9 individuals who use the standard deduction in 10 determining taxable income, there shall be added or 11 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary 12 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard 13 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an 14 amount equal to:
 - (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing status is married filing joint, head of household or qualifying widow; or

(2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard

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1		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
2	1	the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
3		(1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
4		if the filing status is married filing joint or
5		qualifying widow; or
6		(2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
7		(\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or
8		(3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars
9		(\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or
10		married filing separate.
11	d. 1	For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and
12	e	ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals
13	7	who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
14	-	income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
15	r	may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
16		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
17	-	the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
18		(1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
19		the filing status is married filing joint or
20		qualifying widow, or
21		(2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
22		(\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
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- (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- 4 For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and e. 5 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable 6 7 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard 8 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by 9 10 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to: 11 Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00), (1)if the filing status is married filing joint or 12

qualifying widow, or

- (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars(\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
 - (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in

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determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such Code for purposes of filing federal individual income tax returns.

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 8 g. 9 2017, and ending not later than December 31, 2025, in 10 the case of individuals who use the standard deduction 11 in determining taxable income, there shall be added or 12 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary 13 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard 14 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, as 15 follows:

- (1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars(\$6,350.00) for single or married filingseparately,
- 19 (2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
 20 (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or
 21 qualifying widower with dependent child, and
 22 (3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
 23 (\$9,350.00) for head of household.

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1		h.	For	taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
2			2026	, in the case of individuals who use the standard
3			<u>dedu</u>	ction in determining taxable income, there shall
4			be a	dded or deducted, as the case may be, the
5			diff	erence necessary to allow a standard deduction in
6			lieu	of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
7			Reve	nue Code, as follows:
8			(1)	Thirteen Thousand Five Hundred Fifty Dollars
9				(\$13,550.00) for single or married filing
10				separately,
11			(2)	Twenty-seven Thousand One Hundred Dollars
12				(\$27,100.00) for married filing jointly or
13				qualifying widower with dependent child, and
14			(3)	Twenty Thousand Three Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
15				(\$20,325.00) for head of household.
16	3.			
17	2.	a.	In t	he case of resident and part-year resident
18			indi	viduals having adjusted gross income from sources
19			both	within and without the state, the itemized or
20			stan	dard deductions and personal exemptions shall be
21			redu	ced to an amount which is the same portion of the
22			tota	l thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of
23			adju	sted gross income. To the extent itemized
24			dedu	ctions include allowable moving expense, proration

of moving expense shall not be required or permitted but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into this state and no part of moving expense shall be deductible for those taxpayers moving without or out of this state. All other itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided by law.

9 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable 10 11 on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the 12 provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00). 13 14 For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable 15 contributions and medical expenses deductible for 16 federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the 17 amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as 18 specified by this subparagraph.

19 4. <u>3.</u> A resident individual with a physical disability 20 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from 21 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor 22 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or 23 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans 24 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected

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disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a
physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to
employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a
list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which
may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission
shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

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5.

Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five 8 4. a. 9 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person 10 from the United States as salary or compensation in 11 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member 12 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United 13 States shall be deducted from taxable income. 14 b. On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%) 15 of the income received by any person from the United 16 States as salary or compensation in any form, other 17 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component 18 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be 19 deducted from taxable income.

c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a
 member of the Armed Forces of the United States is
 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by
 reason of:

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- (1) absence from the United States, which term
 includes only the states and the District of
 Columbia;
 - (2) absence from this state while on active duty; or
 (3) confinement in a hospital within the United States for treatment of wounds, injuries or disease,

the time for filing a return and paying an income tax shall be and is hereby extended without incurring liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth day of the third month following the month in which:

12 Such individual shall return to the United (a) 13 States if the extension is granted pursuant 14 to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return 15 to this state if the extension is granted 16 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph 17 or be discharged from such hospital if the 18 extension is granted pursuant to 19 subparagraph c of this paragraph; or 20 An executor, administrator, or conservator (b) 21 of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed, 22 whichever event occurs the earliest.

23 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant 24 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of

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time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax
without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such
extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax
Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in
excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted,
and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

7 6. 5. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of compensation, received from the United States by a member of any 8 9 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be 10 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is 11 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010, 12 13 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as 14 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

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7.

a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal
 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable
 year.

b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this
paragraph shall be deductible by any individual
taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the
extent they relate to income subject to taxation
pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax

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Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted gross income.

- 5 с. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes 6 7 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining 8 9 the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not 10 11 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten 12 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced 13 refund of the credit received during the tax year 14 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and 15 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-16 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not 17 be subject to taxation.
- 18 d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all
 19 taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and
 20 beginning before January 1, 2006.

8. 7. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five
Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand
Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten
Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all

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1 subsequent tax years, which are received by an individual from the 2 civil service of the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the 3 4 Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma 5 Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, the employee retirement systems 6 7 created by counties pursuant to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the Uniform Retirement System for Justices 8 9 and Judges, the Oklahoma Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement 10 Fund, the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, 11 or the employee retirement systems created by municipalities 12 pursuant to Section 48-101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma 13 Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

9. 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984,
Social Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt
from taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the
federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

19 10. 9. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, 20 lump-sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation, 21 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a) 22 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which 23 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or 24 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state,

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1 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a 2 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 3 4 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage 5 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from 6 7 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code. 8

9 <u>11. 10.</u> In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
10 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
11 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
12 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

13 12. 11. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, 14 the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is 15 a swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the 16 deduction for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion 17 costs which may be computed using the same depreciation method 18 elected for federal income tax purposes except that the useful life 19 shall be seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. Ιf 20 depreciation is allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted 21 gross income of an individual, any depreciation calculated and 22 claimed pursuant to this section shall in no event be a duplication 23 of any depreciation allowed or permitted on the federal income tax 24 return of the individual.

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13.1 2 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002, 12. a. nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident 3 individual taxpayer in connection with: 4 5 (1)the adoption of a minor, or a proposed adoption of a minor which did not 6 (2) 7 result in a decreed adoption, may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross 8 9 income. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions 10 b. 11 authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty 12 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year. 13 с. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement 14 the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a 15 specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which 16 may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax 17 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for 18 verification. 19 "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees, d. 20 court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and 21 expenses which are directly related to the legal 22 process of adoption of a child including, but not 23 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study,

health and psychological examinations, transportation

1 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child 2 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the adoption process and are not reimbursed by other 3 4 The term nonrecurring adoption expenses sources. 5 shall not include attorney fees incurred for the purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and 6 7 after the point of the initiation of the contest, costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation 8 9 and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or 10 property, except for a special needs child as 11 authorized by the court.

- 12 14.
- 13 13. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005, a. 14 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts 15 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 16 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and 17 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five 18 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing 19 status is single, head of household, or married filing 20 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or 21 less if the filing status is married filing joint or 22 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income. 23 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 24 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts

1 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 2 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is less than the qualifying amount specified in this 3 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income. 4 5 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount shall be as follows: 6 7 in taxable years beginning after December 31, (1)2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the 8 9 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand 10 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the 11 filing status is single, head of household, or 12 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand 13 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status 14 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow, 15 (2)in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, 16 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand 17 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status 18 is single, head of household, or married filing 19 separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars 20 (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is 21 married filing jointly or qualifying widow, 22 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, (3) 23 the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand 24 Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the

1filing status is single, head of household, or2married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-3five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if4the filing status is married filing jointly or5qualifying widow,

- 6 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, (4) 7 the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred 8 Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the 9 filing status is single, head of household, or 10 married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing 11 12 status is married filing jointly or qualifying 13 widow, and
 - (5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no limitation upon the qualifying amount.
- 17 c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
 18 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
 19 following:
- 20 (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies
 21 the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal
 22 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,

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2 satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of 3 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457 4 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or 5 trust or simplified employee pension that	, the ,
4 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or	the
	,
5 trust or simplified employee pension that	,
	,
6 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of	
7 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408	
8 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions	ΟĬ
9 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue	
10 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),	
11 (5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy	the
12 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal	
13 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or	
14 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan	
15 which satisfies the requirements of Section	
16 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C	• ,
17 Section 402(e).	
18 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this parag	raph
19 shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dol	lars
20 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand	Five
21 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year	and
22 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year	
23 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any indivi	dual
24 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph	8 <u>7</u>

1 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a 2 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount 3 4 exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 5 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 6 7 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years. 8

9 15. 14. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a 10 11 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 12 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any 13 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal 14 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an 15 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the 16 production of agricultural products.

17 <u>16. 15.</u> In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount 18 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship 19 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps 20 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the 21 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

22 17.

<u>16.</u> a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001,
 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a

deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for each account.

b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 8 9 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts established pursuant to the 10 11 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual 12 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to 13 all such accounts plus any contributions to such 14 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after 15 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no 16 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten 17 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual 18 taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for 19 taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a 20 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in 21 the year for which the contribution is made may be 22 carried forward as a deduction from income for the 23 succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years 24 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be

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1 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a 2 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax 3 4 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later. 5 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken for two (2) different taxable years. 6 7 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, с. deductions for contributions made pursuant to 8 9 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as 10 follows: 11 for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year (1)12 carryforward election and who takes a rollover or 13 nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the 14 tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to 15 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced 16 by the amount which is equal to the rollover or 17 nonqualified withdrawal, and 18 (2)for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or 19 nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year

> in which a contribution was made to the taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the

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contribution which is equal to the rollover or nonqualified withdrawal.

- d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a contribution for which a deduction has been taken pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of the rollover.
- e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of
 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant
 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified
 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included
 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the
 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.

16 f. As used in this paragraph:

17 (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal
 18 from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account
 19 other than one of the following:

(a) a qualified withdrawal,

- (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death or disability of the designated beneficiary of an account,
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1 (C) a withdrawal that is made on the account of 2 a scholarship or the allowance or payment described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or 3 4 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by 5 the designated beneficiary to the extent the amount of the refund does not exceed the 6 7 amount of the scholarship, allowance, or 8 payment, or

- 9 (d) a rollover or change of designated 10 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of 11 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma 12 Statutes, and
 - (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

16 18. 17. For tax years 2006 through 2021, retirement benefits 17 received by an individual from any component of the Armed Forces of 18 the United States in an amount not to exceed the greater of seventyfive percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten Thousand Dollars 19 20 (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income but in no case less 21 than the amount of the exemption provided by paragraph 14 of this 22 subsection. For tax year 2022 and subsequent tax years, retirement 23 benefits received by an individual from any component of the Armed 24 Forces of the United States shall be exempt from taxable income.

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1	19. <u>18.</u> Fo	or taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,		
2	retirement bene	efits received by federal civil service retirees,		
3	including survi	ivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security		
4	benefits shall	be exempt from taxable income to the extent such		
5	benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant			
6	to the provisio	ons of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26		
7	U.S.C., Sectior	n 86, according to the following schedule:		
8	a. i	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty		
9	ŗ	percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,		
10	b. i	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty		
11	ŗ	percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,		
12	c. i	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty		
13	ŗ	percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,		
14	d. i	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty		
15	ľ	percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and		
16	e. i	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and		
17	2	subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%)		
18	c	of such benefits shall be exempt.		
19	20.			
20	<u>19.</u> a. B	For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a		
21	r	resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand		
22	I	Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross		
23	i	income if the individual, or the dependent of the		
24	i	individual, while living, donates one or more human		

organs of the individual to another human being for human organ transplantation. As used in this paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ transplantation occurs.

- b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and
 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed
 expenses that are incurred by the individual and
 related to the organ donation of the individual.
- 12 c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to
 13 implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall
 14 contain a specific list of expenses which may be
 15 presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
 16 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
 17 verification.

18 <u>21. 20.</u> For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, 19 there shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the 20 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician 21 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-22 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

23 <u>22.</u> <u>21.</u> For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
24 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation

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1 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
2 U.S.C., Section 85(c)(2009).

23. 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, 3 4 there shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount 5 less than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award for participation in a competitive livestock show event. 6 For 7 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the 8 9 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a 10 scholarship in its books and records.

11 24. 23. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 12 2016, taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and 13 local sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of 14 the Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes 15 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the 16 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted 17 after any such limitations are applied.

18 25. 24. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, 19 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to 20 accounts established pursuant to the Achieving a Better Life 21 Experience (ABLE) Program as established in Section 4001.1 et seq. 22 of Title 56 of the Oklahoma Statutes. For any tax year, the 23 deduction provided for in this paragraph shall not exceed Ten 24 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for an individual taxpayer or Twenty

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1 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of contribution not deducted by the taxpayer in the tax 2 year for which the contribution is made may be carried forward as a 3 4 deduction from income for up to five (5) tax years. Deductions may 5 be taken for contributions made during the tax year and through April 15 of the succeeding tax year, or through the due date of a 6 7 taxpayer's state income tax return excluding extensions, whichever is later. Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not 8 9 be taken in more than one (1) tax year.

10 26. 25. For tax year 2024 and subsequent tax years, tax credits 11 received pursuant to the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act in 12 Section 28-101 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt 13 from taxable income.

F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

19 2. As used in this subsection:

a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an
individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that
result from:

1	(1)	the sale of real property or tangible personal
2		property located within this state that has been
3		directly or indirectly owned by the individual
4		taxpayer for a holding period of at least five
5		(5) years prior to the date of the transaction
6		from which such net capital gains arise,
7	(2)	the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or
8		indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma
9		company, limited liability company, or
10		partnership where such stock or ownership
11		interest has been directly or indirectly owned by
12		the individual taxpayer for a holding period of
13		at least two (2) years prior to the date of the
14		transaction from which the net capital gains
15		arise, or
16	(3)	the sale of real property, tangible personal
17		property or intangible personal property located
18		within this state as part of the sale of all or
19		substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma
20		company, limited liability company, or
21		partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship
22		business enterprise where such property has been
23		directly or indirectly owned by such entity or

business enterprise or owned by the owners of

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- 1 such entity or business enterprise for a period of at least two (2) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains 3 arise,
- 5 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of time. The holding period shall include any additional 6 7 period when the property was held by another individual or entity, if such additional period is 8 9 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 10 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, 11 "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or с. 12 "partnership" means an entity whose primary 13 headquarters have been located in this state for at 14 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date 15 of the transaction from which the net capital gains 16 arise,
- 17 d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns 18 the asset,
- 19 "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an e. 20 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-21 through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise 22 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. 23 (1) With respect to sales of real property or 24 tangible personal property located within this

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state, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-through entity that makes the sale has held the property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner, or shareholder of the passthrough entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than five (5) years.

(2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, partnership or Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-through entity that makes the sale has held the stock or ownership interest for not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner or shareholder of the pass-

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through entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than two (2) years. For purposes of this division, uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007, shall be included in the determination of the required holding period prescribed by this division, and

f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a 8 9 business enterprise whose income and expenses have 10 been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual 11 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar 12 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue 13 Service and whose primary headquarters have been 14 located in this state for at least three (3) 15 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 16

17 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income 18 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed 19 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment 20 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in 21 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real 22 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

transaction from which the net capital gains arise.

23 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under 24 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents

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1 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust 2 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this 3 subsection. As used in this subsection: 4 a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT" 5 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856

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of the Internal Revenue Code,

- the term "captive real estate investment trust" means 7 b. a real estate investment trust, the shares or 8 9 beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded 10 on an established securities market and more than 11 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned 12 13 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or 14 constructively, by a single entity that is:
- 15 (1) treated as an association taxable as a
 16 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and
 17 (2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to
 18 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal

Revenue Code.

The term shall not include a real estate investment trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an established securities market, and that satisfies the requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S.

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- Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
- c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall not include the following entities:
 - (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in paragraph a of this subsection other than a captive real estate investment trust, or
- (2) any qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT subsidiary of a captive real estate investment trust, or
- 13 (3) any listed Australian property trust (meaning an 14 Australian unit trust registered as a "managed 15 investment scheme" under the Australian 16 Corporations Act 2001 in which the principal 17 class of units is listed on a recognized stock 18 exchange in Australia and is regularly traded on 19 an established securities market), or an entity 20 organized as a trust, provided that a listed 21 Australian property trust owns or controls, 22 directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent 23 (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the 24 beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or

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1	(4)	any	qualified foreign entity, meaning a
2		corp	ooration, trust, association or partnership
3		orga	nized outside the laws of the United States
4		and	which satisfies the following criteria:
5		(a)	at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the
6			entity's total asset value at the close of
7			its taxable year is represented by real
8			estate assets, as defined in Section
9			856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code,
10			thereby including shares or certificates of
11			beneficial interest in any real estate
12			investment trust, cash and cash equivalents,
13			and U.S. Government securities,
14		(b)	the entity receives a dividend-paid
15			deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
16			Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from
17			entity level tax,
18		(C)	the entity is required to distribute at
19			least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
20			taxable income, as computed in the
21			jurisdiction in which it is organized, to
22			the holders of its shares or certificates of
23			beneficial interest on an annual basis,
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	I		

1(d) not more than ten percent (10%) of the2voting power or value in such entity is held3directly or indirectly or constructively by4a single entity or individual, or the shares5or beneficial interests of such entity are6regularly traded on an established7securities market, and

(e) the entity is organized in a country whichhas a tax treaty with the United States.

3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership
 rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by
 Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in
 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any
 person.

15 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become 16 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1) 17 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment 18 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an 19 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first 20 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended 21 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or 22 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real 23 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real 24 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on

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1	the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the
2	Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate
3	investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal
4	Revenue Code.
5	SECTION 3. This act shall become effective January 1, 2026.
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